

[Prepared in accordance with Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended]

 Product identifie 	er
Trade name:	04291 Kiwami Extreme Gloss Shampoo Silver
2. Relevant identifi	ed uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Relevant identifi	ed uses: cleaning agent.
Uses advised ag	ainst: not determined.
3. Details of the su	pplier of the safety data sheet
Supplier:	Nowy Samochód S.A.
Address:	ul. Zbyszka Cybulskiego 3, 00-725 Warszawa, PL
Telephone/fax:	+48 602-444-356
E-mail address fo	or a competent person responsible for SDS: info@soft99.pl
I. Emergency telep	hone number
112 (general em	ergency telephone number)
SECTION 2: H	azards identification
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Eye Dam. 1 H31 Causes serious e	
	ye danage.
) I ala al alamanta	
2. Label elements	
	ns and signal words
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Hazard pictogram	ns and signal words Danger
Hazard pictogram	
Hazard pictogram	
Hazard pictogram	Danger
Hazard pictogram	Danger ponents placed on the label D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides.
Hazard pictogram	Danger ponents placed on the label D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides.
Hazard pictogran	Danger bonents placed on the label D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides. hts Causes serious eye damage.
Hazard pictogran	Danger bonents placed on the label D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides. hts Causes serious eye damage.
Hazard pictogram	Danger Donents placed on the label D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides. tts Causes serious eye damage. atements
Hazard pictogran Lazardous comp Contains: Hazard statemen H318 Precautionary sta P102 P280	Danger Donents placed on the label D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides. This Causes serious eye damage. Atements Keep out of reach of children. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if preser
Hazard pictogram	Danger Donents placed on the label D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides. Tts Causes serious eye damage. atements Keep out of reach of children. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. -P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if preser easy to do. Continue rinsing.
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Hazard pictogram Lazardous comp Contains: Hazard statemen H318 Precautionary stat P102 P280 P305+P351+ P310	Danger monents placed on the label D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides. ts Causes serious eye damage. atements Keep out of reach of children. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if preser easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Dispose of contents/container to properly labelled waste containers according to national law.
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The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 (3) or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable.

3.2. Mixtures

CAS number: 68515-73-1 EC number: 500-220-1 Index number: — Registration number: —	D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides Eye Dam. 1 H318	C < 5%
CAS number: 1643-20-5 EC number: 216-700-6 Index number: — Registration number: —	dodecyldimethylamine oxide Acute Tox. 4 H302, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	C < 1%
CAS number: 5989-27-5 EC number: 227-813-5 Index number: 601-096-00-2 Registration number: —	d-limonene Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1B H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M=1), Aquatic Chronic 3 H412	C ≤ 0,1%

Full text of each H phrase is given in section 16.

Components according to Regulation on detergents 648/2004/EC as amended:

anionic surfactants	< 5%	
non-ionic surfactants	< 5%	
amphoteric surfactants	< 5%	
perfumes (LIMONENE)		
preservation agents (2-BROMO-2 METHYLISOTHIAZOLINONE)	P-NITROPROPANE-1,3-DIOL, METHYLCHLOROISOTHIAZOLINONE,	

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Contact with skin

Take off contaminated clothing. Wash the exposed parts of the skin thoroughly with water. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms appear.

Contact with eyes

Protect non-irritated eye, remove contact lenses. Rinse contaminated eyes thoroughly with water for 10 - 15 minutes. Avoid powerful water stream – risk of cornea damage. Apply a sterile dressing. Immediately consult a ophthalmologist.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a doctor, show the packaging or label.

After inhalation

Remove the victim to fresh air, keep warm and at rest. Consult a doctor if disturbing symptoms appear.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Contact with skin

The product may cause redness, burning sensation, allergic reaction.



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Contact with eyes

The product may cause burning sensation, irritation, tearing, pain, risk of serious damage to eyes.

Ingestion

May cause nausea, vomiting, abdominal pains, diarrhea.

After inhalation

High concentration of vapours and mists may cause headaches, somnolence.

Effects of exposure

There are no known effects other than those mentioned above.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Physician makes a decision regarding further medical treatment after thoroughly examination of the injured. Symptomatic treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: adapt the extinguishing media to surrounding materials. Unsuitable extinguishing media: water jet – risk of the propagation of the flame.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During the fire may produce harmful gases containing e.g. carbon monoxides, other hazardous unidentified products of thermal decomposition. Do not inhale combustion products, they can be dangerous for human health.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Personal protection typical in case of fire. Do not stay in the fire zone without self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing resistant to chemicals. Cool down the containers that are endangered by fire with a water spray from a safe distance. Collect used extinguishing media.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Limit the access for the outsiders into the breakdown area, until the suitable cleaning operations are completed. Ensure that only the trained personnel removes the effects of the accident. In case of large spills, isolate the exposed area. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow the product to get into the sewage system, surface waters and soil. In case of release of large amounts of the product, it is necessary to take appropriate steps to prevent it from spreading into the environment. Notify relevant emergency services.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small leakage: collect the spilled product with incombustible absorbing materials (e.g. sand, earth, universal binding agents, silica etc.) and place it in waste containers. Treat the collected material as waste. Clean and ventilate the contaminated area. Large leakage: isolate places where liquid accumulates; pump the collected liquid out.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Appropriate conduct with waste product – see section 13. Personal protective equipment – see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handle in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Provide general and / or local ventilation in the workplace. Before break and after work wash hands carefully. Keep the unused containers tightly closed. Do not eat, drink and smoke during the work. Avoid eyes and skin contamination. Use personal protective equipment.



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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in properly labeled, sealed packages in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Container that is opened should be properly resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep away from incompatible materials (see subsection 10.5). Keep away from, foodstuffs and animal feed.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information about other uses than those mentioned in subsection 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limit Values

The product does not contain components subject to exposure controls in the workplace. Legal Basis: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits. Fourth Edition 2020.

Recommended control procedures

None.

DNEL and PNEC

Not applicable.

8.2. Exposure controls

Industrial hygiene

Use the product in accordance with good occupational hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, drink and smoke during the work. Before break and after work wash hands carefully. Ensure adequate general and/or local ventilation at the workplace. Eye safety washers should be installed near the working place.

Individual protection measures

The necessity to use and the selection of appropriate personal protective equipment should take into account the type of risk posed by the product, working conditions and the way of handling the product. The personal protective equipment used must meet the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the relevant standards. The employer is obliged to provide protection measures appropriate to the activities performed and meeting all quality requirements, including their maintenance and cleaning. Any contaminated or damaged PPE must be replaced immediately.

Hand protection

In case of a prolonged or repeated contact with the product, use protective gloves (EN 374) if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Select the material for the gloves individually at the workplace.

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product. The choice of material for protective gloves should be made taking into account the breakthrough times, permeation rate and degradation. Moreover, the selection of the appropriate gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. The exact breakthrough time has to be obtained from the glove manufacturer and it must be observed.

Body protection

Use skin protection measures adequate to the existing thermal, chemical or mechanical hazards.

Eye protection

Use safety glasses in accordance with EN 166.

Respiratory protection

Not required with adequate ventilation.

<u>Thermal hazards</u>

Not applicable.

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent direct release to drains/ surface waters. Do not contaminate surface waters and drainage ditches with chemicals or used containers. Released product or uncontrolled spills to surface waters should be reported to appropriate authorities in accordance with local and national legislations. Dispose as chemical waste, in accordance with local and national legislation.



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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	liquid
Colour:	white
Odour:	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point:	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling	
range:	100 °C
Flammability:	not applicable
Lower and upper explosion limit:	not determined
Flash point:	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	not determined
Decomposition temperature:	not determined
pH:	7,3±0,5 (25 °C)
Kinematic viscosity:	not determined
Solubility:	slightly soluble in water
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	not applicable
Vapour pressure:	not determined
Density and/or relative density:	1,017±0,02 (25 °C)
Relative vapour density:	not determined
Particle characteristics:	not applicable

9.2. Other information

No additional tests.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is not very reactive. It does not go under hazardous polimeryzation. See also subsection 10.3-10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions are not known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid sources of heat and direct sunlight.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with following materials: strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Not known.



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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity	
D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosio	les [CAS 68515-73-1]
LD₅o (oral, rat)	> 2000 mg/kg
LD₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	> 2000 mg/kg
d-limonene [CAS 5989-27-5]	
LD₅o (oral, rat)	> 2000 mg/kg
LD₅₀ (skin, rabbit)	> 5000 mg/kg
	'
Mixture	

ATE _{mix} (ingestion)	50000 mg/kg
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. The product may cause allergic skin reactions in particularly sensitive people.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

<u>Carcinogenicity</u>

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Exposure route: eye exposure, skin exposure, inhalation, ingestion. For more information on the impact of each possible route of exposure, see subsection 4.2.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

See subsection 4.2 of the SDS.

<u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> See subsection 4.2 of the SDS.



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11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 (3) or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

Other information

No data on other hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

D-glucopyranose, oligomers, de	ecyl octyl glycosides [CAS 68515-73-1]	
LC50 (fish)	100,81 mg/l / 96 h / Danio rerio	method: ISO 7346/1-3
EC₅₀ (invertebrates)	> 100 mg/l / 48 h / Daphnia magna	method: OECD 202 / EU Metoda C.2
EC50 (algae)	27,22 mg/l / 72 h / Desmodesmus subspicatus	method: DIN 38412
EC₅₀ (microorganisms)	> 560 mg/l / 6 h / Pseudomonas putida	method: —
dodecyldimethylamine oxide [C	CAS 1643-20-5]	
LC₅₀ (fish)	31,8 mg/l / 96 h / Danio rerio	method: OECD 203 / EU Metoda C.1
EC50 (invertebrates)	3,9 mg/l / 48 h / Daphnia magna	method: OECD 202 / EU Metoda C.2
EC₅o (algae)	0,07 mg/l / 72 h / Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	method: OECD 201
d-limonene [CAS 5989-27-5]		
LC50 (fish)	0,72 mg/l / 96 h / Pimephales promelas	method: OECD 203
NOEC (fish)	0,059 mg/l / 8 days / Pimephales promelas	method: OECD 212
EC₅₀ (invertebrates)	0,307 mg/l / 48 h / Daphnia magna	method: OECD 202 / EU C.2
NOEC (invertebrates)	0,08 mg/l / 21 days / Daphnia magna	method: OECD 211
EC50 (algae)	0,214 mg/l / 72 h / Raphidocelis subcapitata	method: OECD 201 / EU C.3
EC₅₀ (microorganisms)	209 mg/l / 3 h / —	method: OECD 209
Mixture		
The product is not classified as I	nazardous to the aquatic environment.	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Surfactants used in the product meet the biodegradability requirements in accordance with Regulation (EC) no 648/2004/EC (as amended).

D-glucopyranose, oligomers, decyl octyl glycosides CAS 68515-73-1	Easily biodegradable	100%/28 days	method: OECD 301 E
dodecyldimethylamine oxide CAS 1643-20-5	Easily biodegradable	95,27%/28 days	method: OECD 301 B



[Prepared in accordance with Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended]

d-limonene CAS 5989-27-5	Easily biodegradable	71,4%/28 days	method: OECD 301 B
CAS 5989-27-5			

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

d-limonene	log Po/w = 4,38	method: OECD 117
CAS 5989-27-5	BCF =	method: —

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility of components of the mixture in soil depends on the hydrophilic and hydrophobic properties and biotic and abiotic conditions of soil, including its structure, climatic conditions, seasons and soil organisms.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product does not contain components, which meet criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH Regulation.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substances identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 (3) or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight.

12.7. Other adverse effects

The mixture is not classified as hazardous to the ozone layer. Consider other harmful effects of individual components of the mixture on the environment (eg, global warming potential).

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recommendations for the product

The waste product should be recovered or disposed of in authorized incineration plants or waste disposal / neutralization plants, in accordance with applicable regulations. Do not empty into drains. The waste code should be given in the place of its formation.

Recommendations for used packaging

Reuse / recycle / eliminate empty containers in accordance with the local legislation. Only completely empty containers can be reused.

EU legal acts: directives of the European Parliament and of the Council: 2008/98 / EC as amended and 94/62 / EC as amended.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1.UN number or ID number

Not applicable, the product is not dangerous during transport.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable.



[Prepared in accordance with Regulation EC 1907/2006 (REACH), as amended]

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

Additional data

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ADR Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

IMDG Code International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations

1907/2006/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC (as amended).

1272/2008/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (as amended).

2020/878/EU COMMISSION REGULATION of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.. 2008/98/EC DIRECTIVE OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 19 November 2008 on waste and repealing certain Directives (as amended).

European Parliament and Council Directive 94/62/EC of 20 December 1994 on packaging and packaging waste as amended 648/2004/EC REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 31 March 2004 on detergents (as amended).

The components of the mixture are not included in Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation.

The components of the mixture are not included in Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H phrases i	mentioned in section 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Clarification of abbrevi	ations and acronyms
ADR	Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADR Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

- DIN German Institute for Standardization
- DNEL Derived No-Effect Level.



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EC50	(median effective concentration) - statistically calculated concentration of a chemical substance in an environmental medium that can cause specific effects in 50% of the tested organisms of a given population under certain conditions.
EN	European standard
ΙΑΤΑ	The International Air Transport Association.
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.
ISO	International Organization for Standardization
LC50	Concentration of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.
LD50	Dose of a substance that is lethal to 50 percent of the organisms in a toxicity test.
NOEC	The highest concentration that does not cause a statistically significant adverse effect in the exposed population, when compared with its appropriate control.
OECD	Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
PBT	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance.
PNEC	Predicted no-effect concentration.
vPvB	Very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance.
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity - category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute - category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic - category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic - category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard - category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage - category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid - category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation - category 2
Skin Sens. 1B	Skin sensitization - category 1B

<u>Trainings</u>

Before commencing working with the product, the user should learn the Health & Safety regulations, regarding handling chemicals, and in particular, undergo a proper workplace training.

Key literature references and sources of data

This SDS was prepared on the basis of the safety data sheet provided by the manufacturer, literature data, online databases (e.g. ECHA, TOXNET, COSING), our knowledge and experience, taking into account the current legislation.

 Procedures used for the mixture classification according with Regulation 1272/2008/EC as amended

 Eye Dam. 1 H318
 calculation method

Additional information	
Changes:	section: 1-16
SDS issued by:	THETA Consulting Sp. z o.o.

The information above is based on a current available data concerning the product, but also on the experience and knowledge in this field of the producer. They are neither a quality description of the product nor a guarantee of particular features. They are to be treated as aid to safety in transport, storage and usage of the product. That does not free the user from the responsibility of improper usage of the information above and also of improper compliance with the law norms in the field.